

C++ code 9.10.25: `Eval()` method of `BElemMatProvider` → [GitLab](#)

```
2 Eigen::Matrix<double, 2, 3> BElemMatProvider::Eval(
3     const If::mesh::Entity &tria) {
4     // Obtain vertex coordinates of the triangle in a 2x3 matrix
5     const auto vertices = If::geometry::Corners(*(tria.Geometry()));
6     LF_ASSERT_MSG((vertices.cols() == 3) && (vertices.rows() == 2),
7         "Invalid vertex coordinate " << vertices.rows() << "x"
8         << vertices.cols() << " matrix");
9
10    // Matrix for returning result
11    Eigen::Matrix<double, 2, 3> elmat;
12    // Compute the gradients of the barycentric coordinate functions
13    // and store them in the columns of a 2x3 matrix grad_bary_coords
14    Eigen::Matrix<double, 3, 3> X; // temporary matrix
15    X.block<3, 1>(0, 0) = Eigen::Vector3d::Ones();
16    X.block<3, 2>(0, 1) = vertices.transpose(); // area of triangular cell
17    const double area = 0.5 * std::abs(X.determinant());
18    // This matrix contains the barycentric coordinate functions in its
19    // columns
20    auto inv = X.inverse().eval();
21    const Eigen::Matrix<double, 2, 3> grad_bary_coords{inv.block<2, 3>(1, 0)};
22    // Since the local shape function for the finite element space  $Q_h$  are
23    // Cartesian coordinate vectors, we just need to scale the components
24    // of the
25    // gradients of the barycentric coordinate functions with the area of
26    // the
27    // triangle.
28    elmat = area * grad_bary_coords;
29    return elmat;
30 }
```