

## Python Cheat Sheet

### 1 Download distribution

The python distribution **version 3.7** can be downloaded at [Python Anaconda](#). The Anaconda navigator has an environment called **Spyder** (Scientific PYthon Development EnviRonment), which we recommend you use. It is very similar to Matlab with an editor window, a console and a variable space.

### 2 Useful commands

```
> #           comments the line
> who        lists the variables
> whos       lists the variables, along with their types and sizes
> del x      removes variable  $x$ 
> %reset     deletes all variables
> help(fun)  prints the documentation of the function  $fun$ 
```

### 3 Mathematical functions and constants

Standard mathematical functions and constants can be obtained from the package `numpy`. There are significant differences between how arrays are treated in the packages ‘array’ and ‘numpy’. For the sake of uniformity, therefore, we will stick to the `numpy` package.

```
> import numpy as np  imports the package
> np.pi              calls  $\pi = 3.14159\dots$ 
> np.sin(x)          evaluates  $\sin(x)$ 
> np.linspace(a, b, n) creates a linearly spaced vector with  $n$  points between  $a$  and  $b$ 
> np.linalg.eig(A)   finds the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the square matrix  $A$ 
> np.zeros(d)        creates a vector of zeros of size  $d$ 
> np.zeros(d, n)     creates a matrix of zeros of size  $d \times n$ 
> x**n               computes  $x$  to the power  $n$ 
```

The array indexing in Python starts at **0** and not **1** and accepts negative indices for indexing from the end of the array. For a given array  $x$ ,  $x[0]$  is the first element and  $x[-1]$  the last one.

## 4 Standard packages

```
> import numpy as np           for standard mathematical functions and constants
> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt for plotting
> from numpy import linalg as LA for norms, etc.
> from scipy.integrate import ode for ODE solvers
```

## 5 Plotting

Standard plotting tools can be obtained from the `pyplot` package in `matplotlib`.

```
> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt imports the package
> plt.plot(x, y) plots the vector  $x$  against  $y$ 
```

## 6 ODE Solvers

Standard ODE solvers can be found in the `ode` package in `scipy.integrate`.

```
> from scipy.integrate import ode imports the ode package
```